

Supporting Information for

A Bilayer High-Temperature Dielectric Film with Superior Breakdown Strength and Energy Storage Density

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Supplementary Figures and Tables

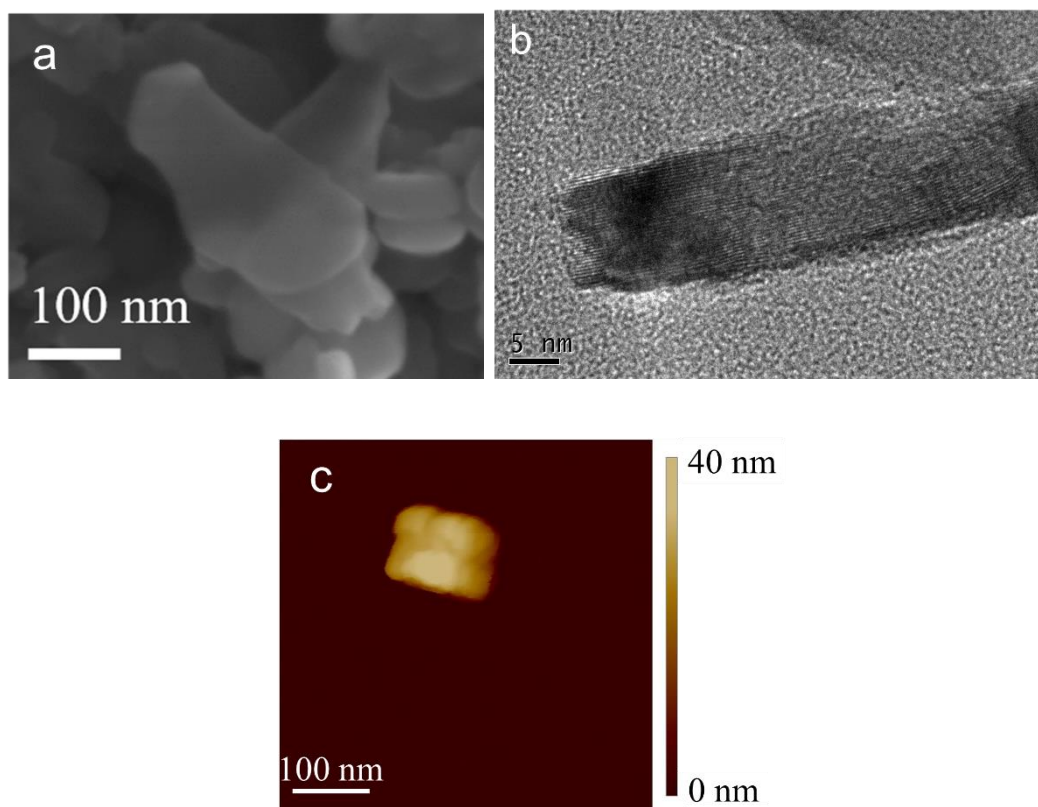


Fig. S1 (a) SEM morphology of BNNSs. (b) TEM image of vertical BNNS. (c) AFM image of BNNSs

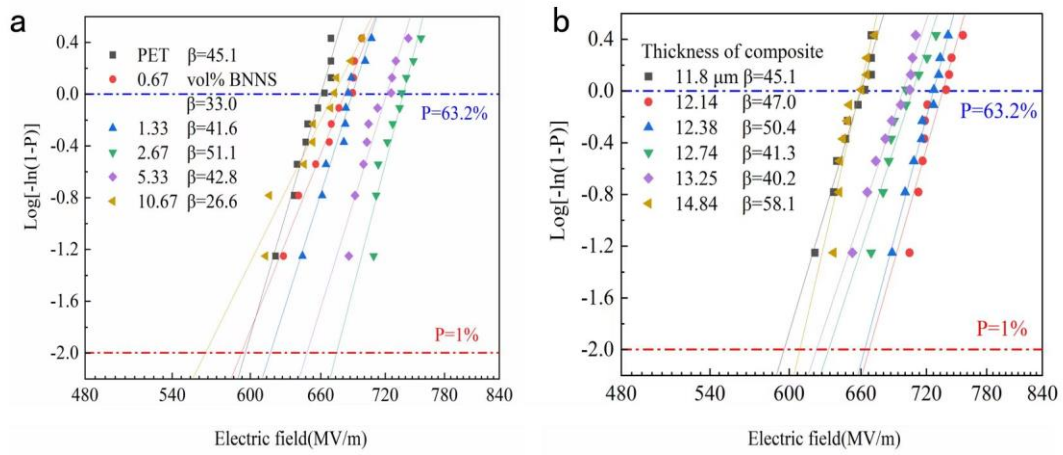


Fig. S2 Weibull distribution of the breakdown electric field of the modified PET films with (a) coated with 0.67, 1.33, 2.67, 5.33 and 10.67 vol.% BNNs and (b) with different thicknesses in 11.8, 12.14, 12.38, 12.74, 13.25 and 14.84 μm

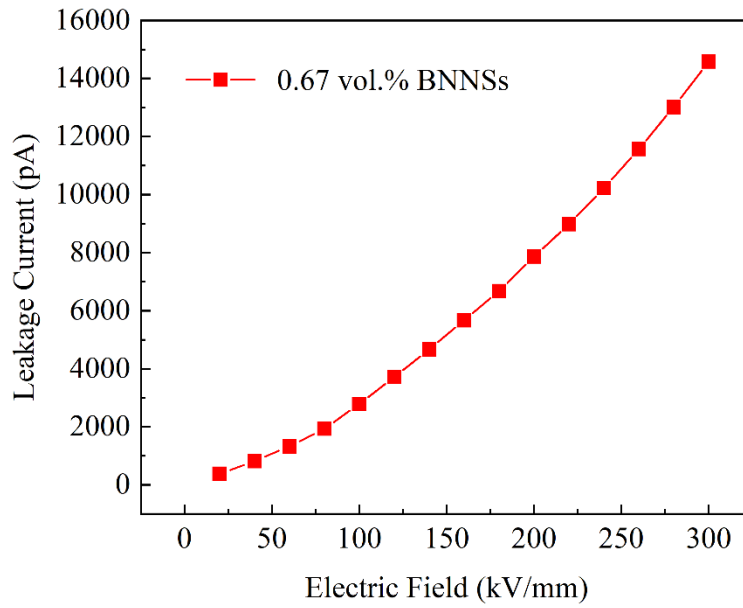


Fig. S3 The leakage current of the PET/BNNs-0.67 vol.% film under elevating electric field

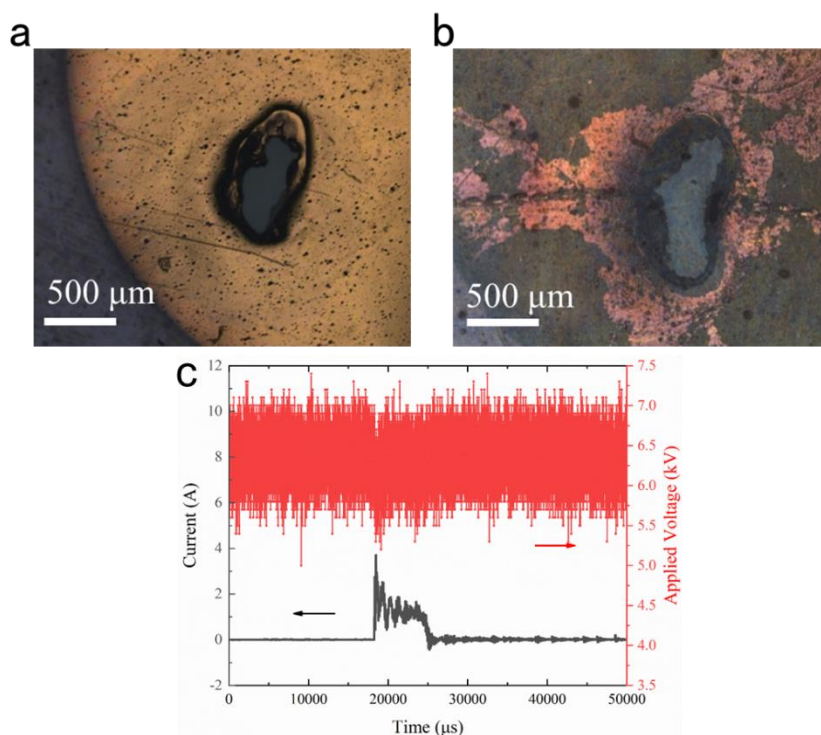


Fig. S4 The optical appearance near the breakdown point in (a) the pure PET film and (b) PET/BNNS-10.67 vol% film. (c) The current and voltage in the self-healing tests of modified PET film under a pulse voltage

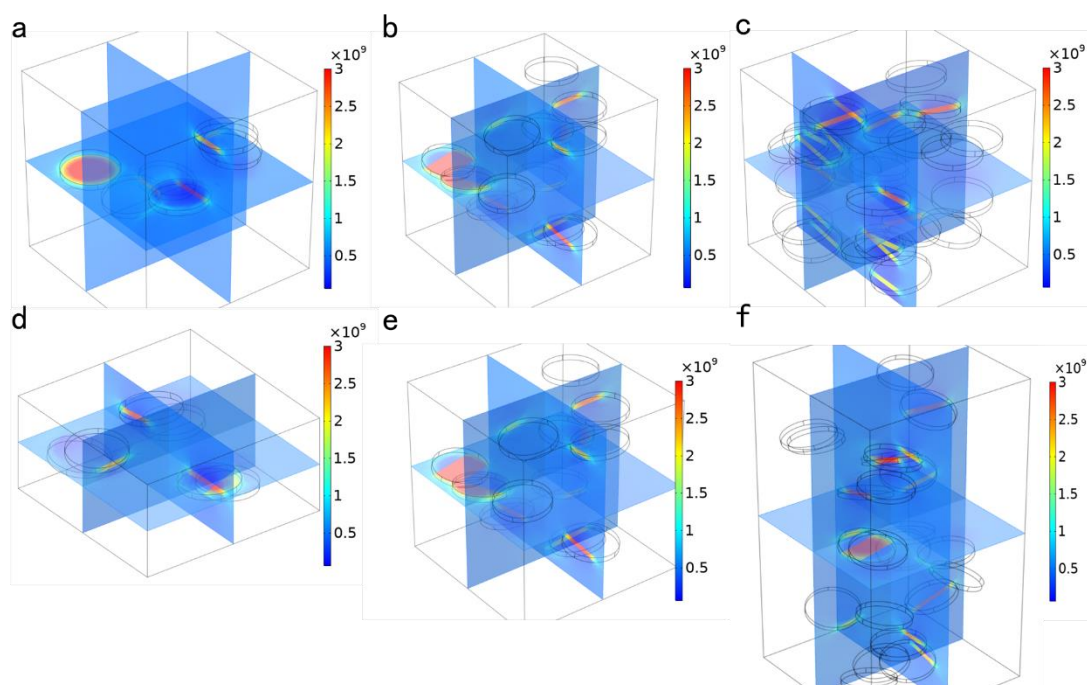


Fig. S5 The distribution simulated of BNNS in coating layer and corresponding E distribution of (a) PET/BNNS-1.33 vol%, (b) 2.67 vol% and (c) 5.33 vol%, and in different thicknesses of (d) 0.5, (e) 1 and (f) 2 μm (the unit of all color legends is V/m)

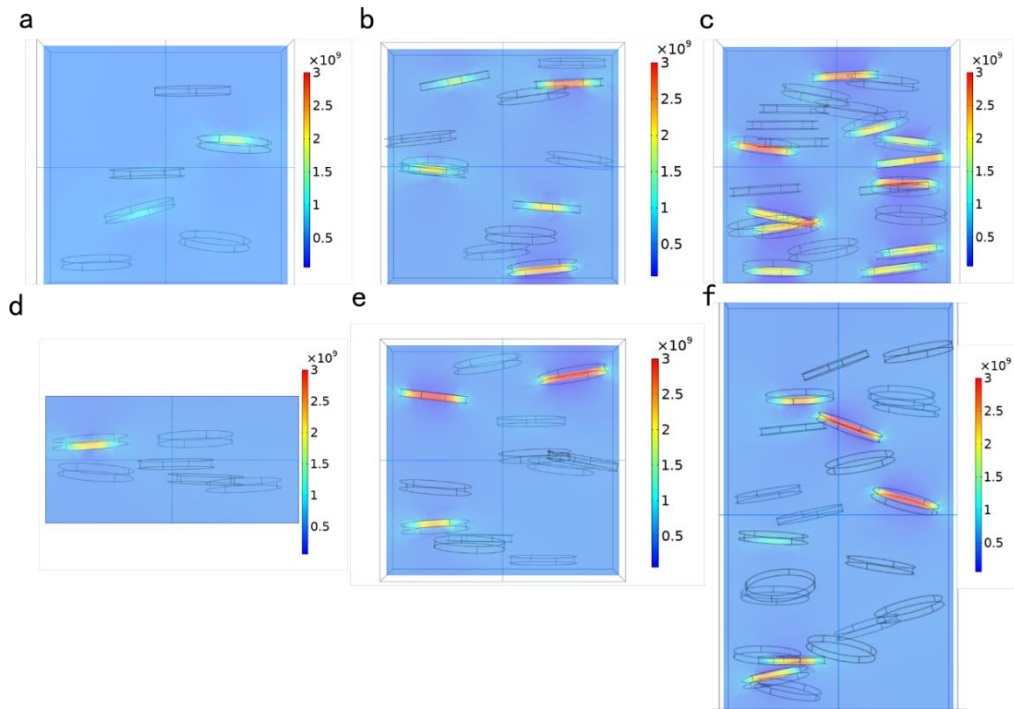


Fig. S6 Simulated transparency view and corresponding E distribution of (a) PET/BNNS-1.33 vol.%, (b) 2.67 vol.% and (c) 5.33 vol.%. And, in the same BNNS content of 2.67 vol.%, but with different (d) 0.5, (e) 1 and (f) 2 μm (The view of above 6 graphs is cross-section of coating layer)

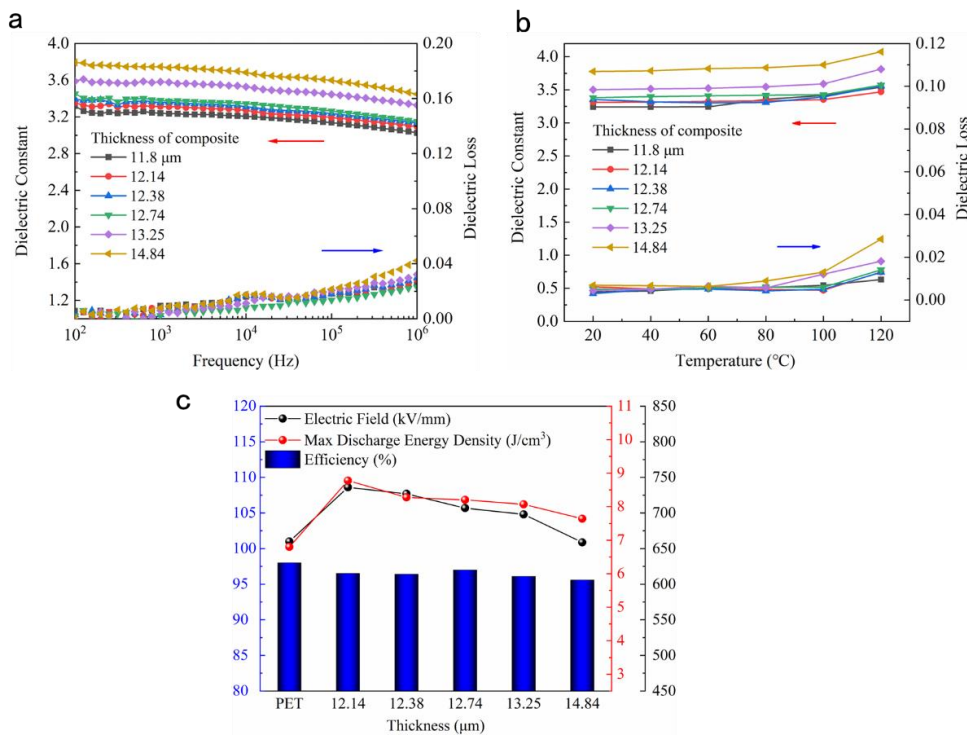


Fig. S7 (a) Frequency dependence of dielectric constant and loss at 20 °C, (b) temperature dependence of dielectric constant and loss at 10³ Hz, (c) discharge energy density and efficiency of the modified films with different thicknesses of coating layer

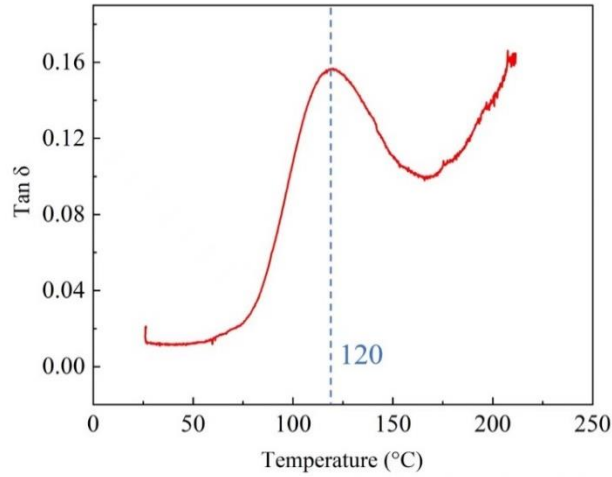


Fig. S8 The dynamic mechanical analysis result of PET film

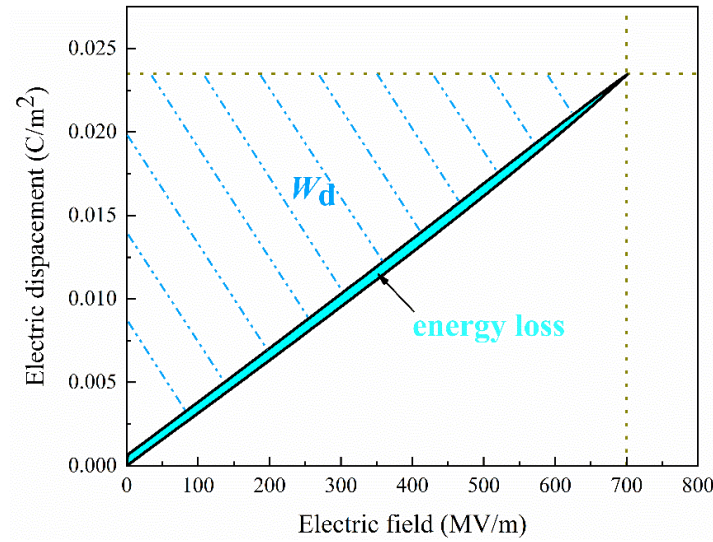


Fig. S9 The schematic diagram of D-E loop for dielectric film

The discharged energy density of dielectric films can be calculated using the following formula:

$$W_d = \int E dD \quad (S1)$$

The area enclosed by discharged curve and D-axis serves as the W_d , while the area enclosed by charged curve, discharged curve and D-axis is the energy loss (W_{loss}). Therefore, the working efficiency (η) during charge-discharge process can be determined by the following equation:

$$\eta = \frac{W_d}{W_d + W_{loss}} \quad (S2)$$

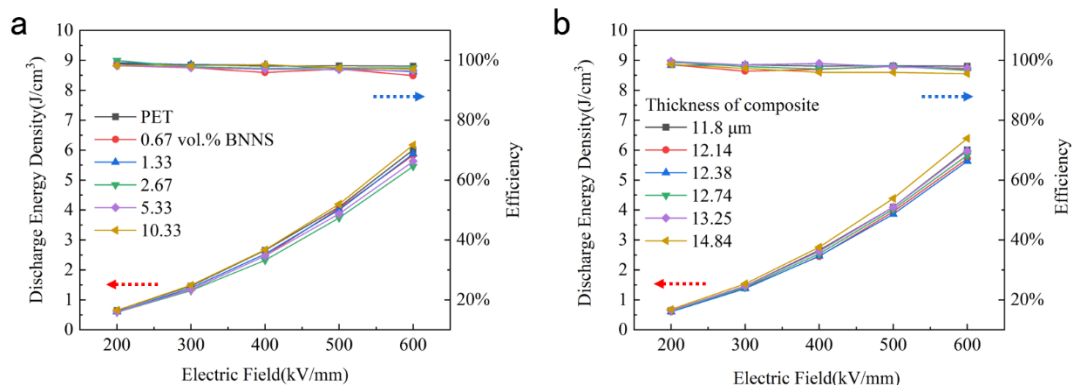


Fig. S10 Comparison of discharge energy density of the composite films **(a)** coated with different content of BNNSs and **(b)** different thicknesses

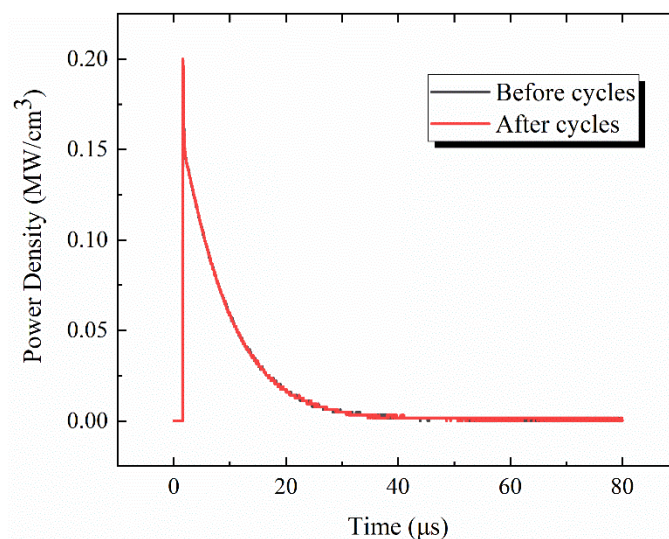


Fig. S11 Power density as a function of time of modified PET film before and after cycles

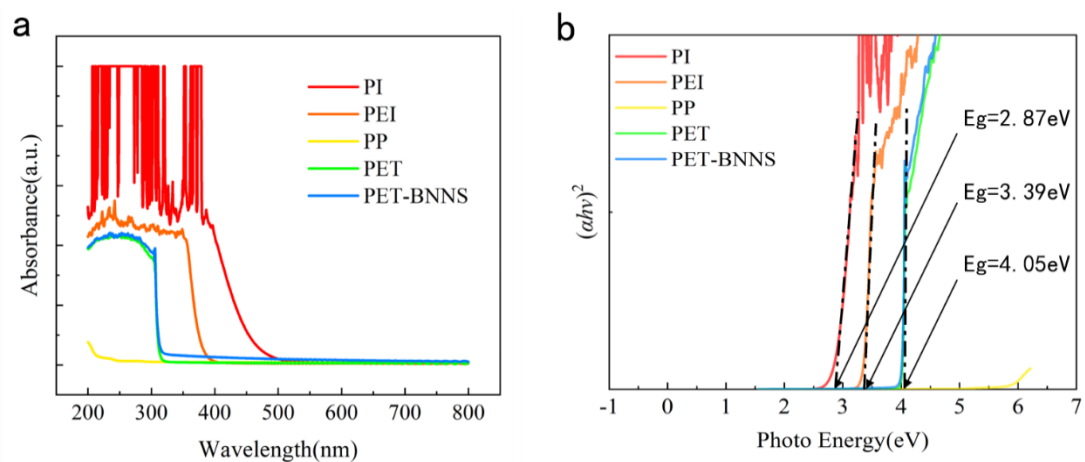


Fig. S12 **(a)** The UV absorption spectra and **(b)** $(\alpha h\nu)^2 - h\nu$ plot of PI, PEI, PP, PET and PET-BNNS film

Table S1 Comparison of energy storage performances of polymer-based composites

Materials	Breakdown strength MV/m	Energy density J/cm ³	Energy efficiency %	code	References
MA-g-PP/PP (10/90 vol)	437.2	1.96	96	1	[S1]
PMMA/P(VDF-TrFE-CFE)(40/60wt)	~700	~10.7	~90	2	[S2]
PMMA/P(VDF-TrFE)(30/70 wt)	450	10	75	3	[S3]
PVDF/ArPTU (90/10vol)	700	10.8	83	4	[S4]
ArPTU/P(VDF-TrFE-CTFE)(15/85wt)	700	19.2	85	5	[S5]
P(VDF-TrFE-CFE)/PMMA/P(VDF-TrFE-CFE) (5/90/5 vol)	400	9.7	78	6	[S6]
P(VDF-HFP)/PMMA/P(VDF-HFP) (35/30/35 vol)	440	~20.3	~84	7	[S7]
PVDF/DE/PVDF (40/20/40)	438	20.92	72	8	[S8]
P(VDF-HFP)/P(VDF-TrFE-CFE) (50/50 vol) (16 layers)	637.5	20	~85	9	[S9]
P(VDF-HFP)/P(TFE-HFP-VDF) (66.6/33.3 vol) (9 layers)	638	15.5	80.4	10	[S10]
P(VDF-TrFE-CFE)/BNNS 12 wt% composite	650	20.3	~78	11	[S11]
chitin/BNNS 6 wt% composite	451	8.67	~88	12	[S12]
composite film interlayered with BNNSs	612	14.3	~70	13	[S13]
PVDF/BZT/BNNS	678	23.4	83	14	[S14]
P(VDF-TrFE-CFE)/BNNS-BT	527	15.82	~78	15	[S15]
PMF-3L	501.85	7.521	85	16	[S16]
rGO-PI/BNNS-PI composites	74.4	14.2	~65	17	[S17]
Pure PI	443	3.33	85	18	
Pure PEI	599	5.56	94	19	
Pure PP	672	4.97	97	20	
Pure PET	660	6.8	96.3	21	
PET/BNNS	735	8.77	96.5	This work	

Table S2 E_b of PI, PEI, PP, PET and PET/BNNS-2.67 vol% at different temperatures

Sample	Room Temperature	80°C	Reduction	100°C	Reduction	120°C	Reduction
PI	443.42	435.66	1.75%	417.04	5.95%	395.42	10.82%
PEI	559.69	551.32	1.49%	531.72	5.00%	507.61	9.30%
PP	673.84	620.57	7.91%	539.18	19.98%	517.56	23.19%
PET	659.91	630.24	4.50%	623.19	5.56%	595.89	9.70%
PET/BNNS- 2.67 vol.%	737.60	682.20	7.51%	675.44	8.43%	664.59	9.90%

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