

Supporting Information for

Nitrogen-Doped Sponge Ni Fibers as Highly Efficient Electrocatalysts for Oxygen Evolution Reaction

Kaili Zhang¹, Xinhui Xia^{1,*}, Shengjue Deng¹, Yu Zhong¹, Dong Xie², Guoxiang Pan³, Jianbo Wu⁴, Qi Liu⁵, Xiuli Wang¹, Jiangping Tu^{1,*}

¹State Key Laboratory of Silicon Materials, Key Laboratory of Advanced Materials and Applications for Batteries of Zhejiang Province, and Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310027, People's Republic of China

²Guangdong Engineering and Technology Research Center for Advanced Nanomaterials, School of Environment and Civil Engineering, Dongguan University of Technology, Dongguan 523808, People's Republic of China

³Department of Materials Chemistry, Huzhou University, Huzhou 313000, People's Republic of China

⁴Zhejiang Provincial Key Laboratory for Cutting Tools, Taizhou University, Taizhou 318000, People's Republic of China

⁵Department of Physics, City University of Hong Kong, Kowloon 999077, Hong Kong

*Corresponding authors. E-mail: helloxxh@zju.edu.cn (Xinhui Xia), tujp@zju.edu.cn (Jiangping Tu)

Supplementary Figures

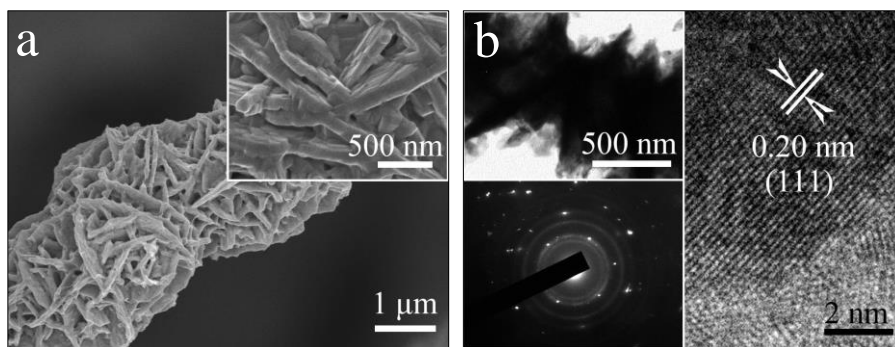


Fig. S1 **a** SEM image and **b** TEM image of SN

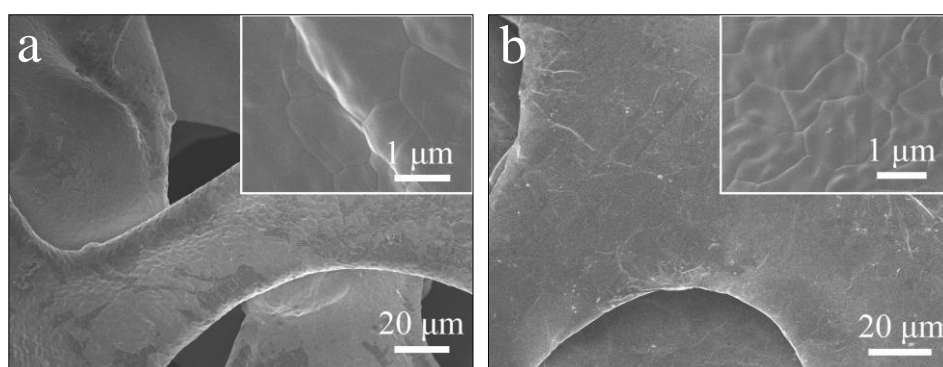


Fig. S2 SEM images of **a** NF, **b** N-NF

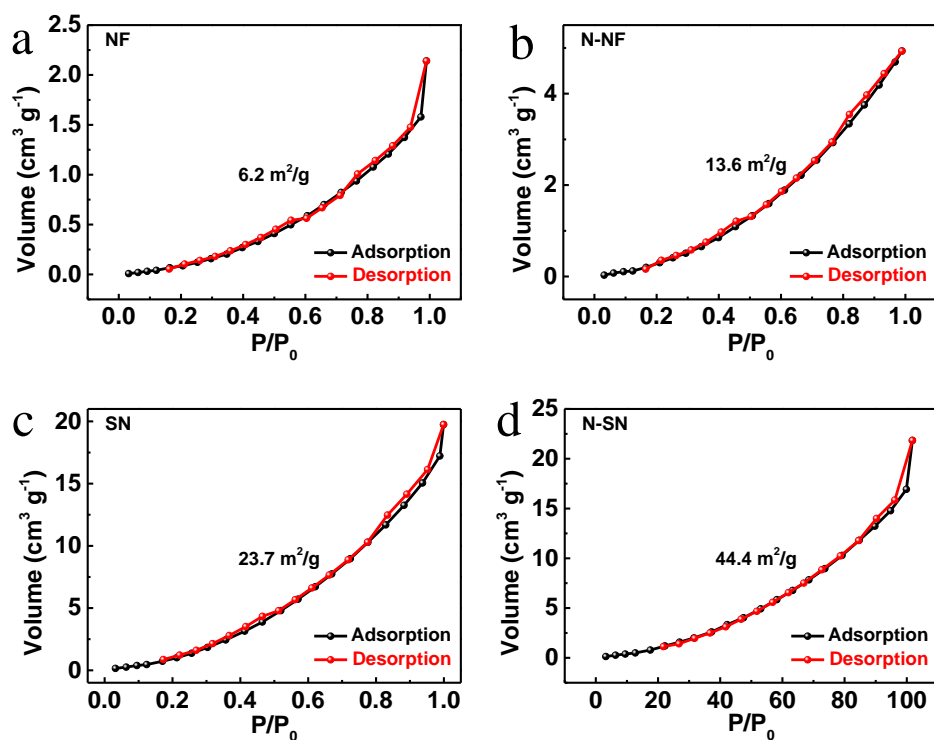


Fig. S3 BET measurements: nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm curves of **a** NF, **b** N-NF, **c** SN and **d** N-SN

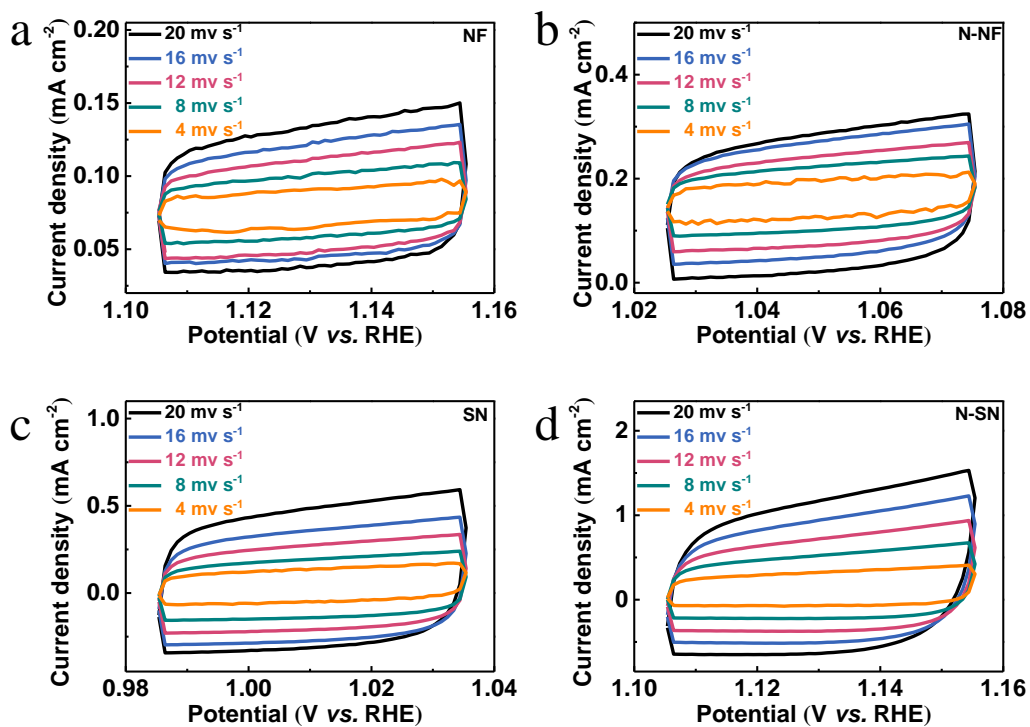


Fig. S4 CV curves of different samples in double layer region at scan rates of 4, 8, 12, 16, and 20 mV s⁻¹: **a** NF, **b** N-NF, **c** SN, and **d** N-SN

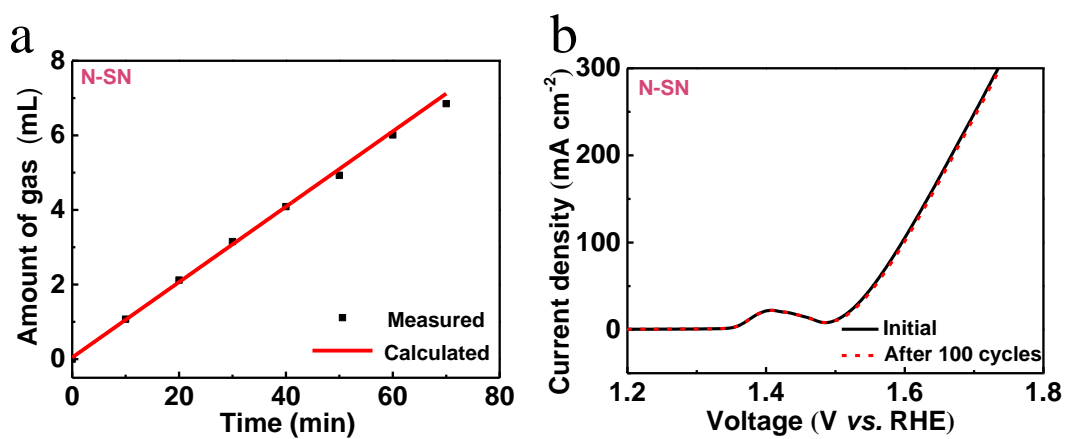


Fig. S5 a Faradic efficiency: comparison between the theoretically calculated amount of O₂ and experimentally measured O₂ value versus reaction time at a constant current density of 10 mA cm⁻². **b** LSV comparison of N-SN between initial state and after 100 cycles

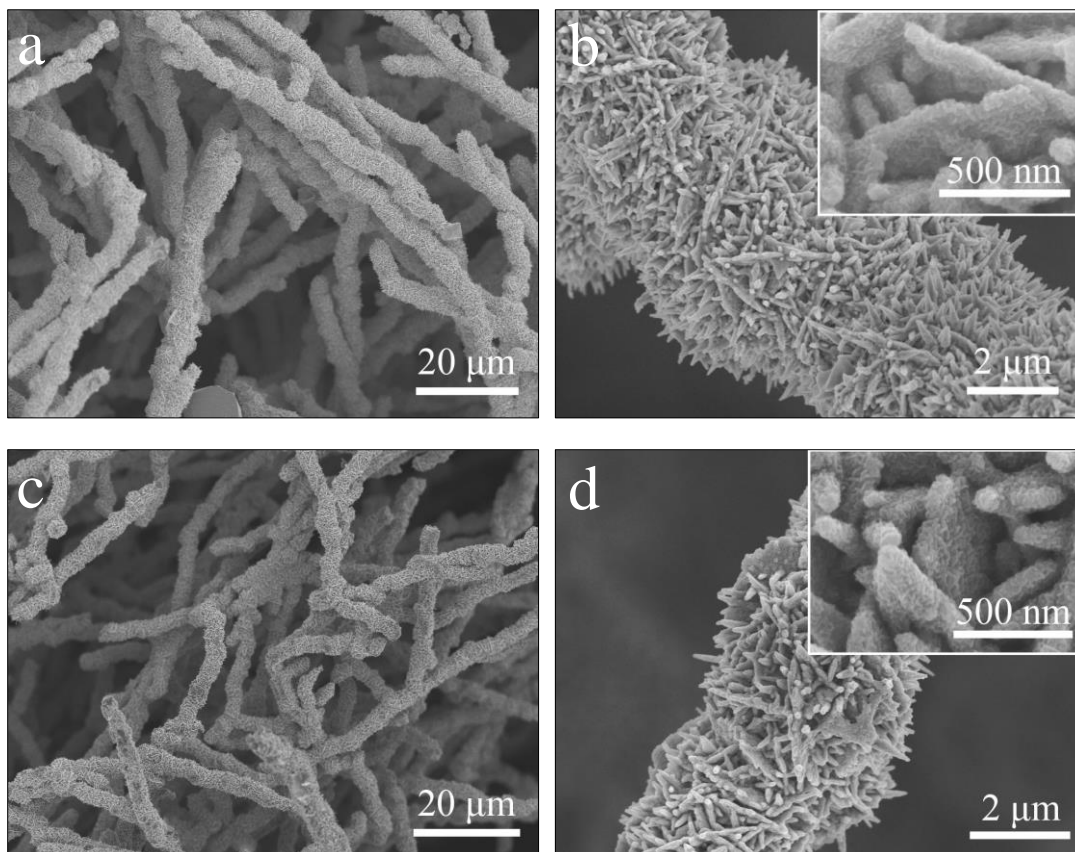


Fig. S6 SEM images of **a, b** SN, **c, d** N-SN after 100 OER cycles

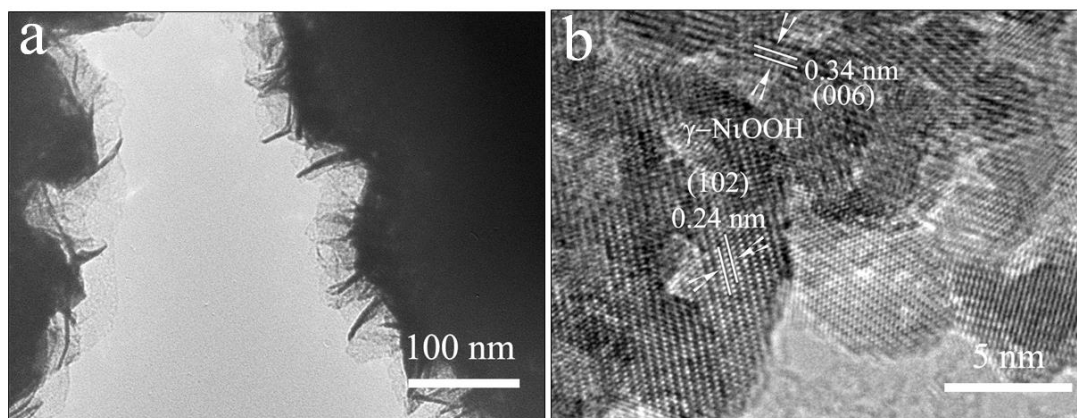


Fig. S7 TEM images of N-SN after 100 OER cycles