Supplementary Information for

Molybdenum Nanoscrews: A Novel Non-Coinage-Metal Substrate for Surface-Enhanced Raman Scattering

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Fig. S1 AFM topography of the as-prepared Mo thin film.



Fig. S2 Raman characterizations using the 785-nm laser as the excitation source. **a** Optical absorption spectrum of the MB molecule. The excitation laser wavelengths at 633 nm and 785 nm are indicated by the dashed lines, respectively. **b** Comparison of the Raman spectra of MB molecules (10^{-4} M) adsorbed onto the Mo nanoscrews using excitation wavelengths of 633 nm and 785 nm. **c** Raman spectra of MB molecules (10^{-4} M) adsorbed onto the function of MB molecules (10^{-4} M) adsorbed onto the Mo nanoscrews using excitation wavelengths of 633 nm and 785 nm. **c** Raman spectra of MB molecules (10^{-4} M) adsorbed onto the Mo thin film, quartz, and stainless steel. The excitation wavelength was 785 nm



Fig. S3 a Schematic showing the structure of an individual Mo nanoscrew, where the nanoscrew is modeled as casks stacking along its length direction. **b** Close view of a cask. **c** Scheme for the calculation of the surface area of an individual cask