Supporting Information for

High Capacity and Fast Kinetics of Potassium-Ion Batteries Boosted

by Nitrogen-Doped Mesoporous Carbon Spheres

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Supplementary Tables and Figures



Fig. S1 TEM image of MCS-12-900



Fig. S2 TEM image of MCS-22-900



Fig. S3 Atomic content and relative percent of nitrogen from MCS-7-900



Fig. S4 a High-resolution C 1s spectrum of MCS-7-900. **b** High-resolution O 1s spectrum of MCS-7-900



Fig. S5 a, **c** N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherms and pore size distribution of MCS-12-900. **b**, **d** N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherms and pore size distribution of MCS-22-900



Fig. S6 Comparison of rate performances of MCS-7-750, MCS-7-900 and MCS-7-1050 at various current densities



Fig. S7 Comparison of cycling performances of MCS-7-750, MCS-7-900 and MCS-7-1050 at 100 mA g^{-1}



Fig. S8 Comparison of Long cycling performances of MCS-7-750, MCS-7-900 and MCS-7-1050 at 1000 mA g^{-1}



Fig. S9 Comparison of Long cycling performances of MCS-7-750, MCS-7-900 and MCS-7-1050 at 2000 mA g^{-1}



Fig. S10 CV curves of a MCS-7-750 and b MCS-7-1050 at 0.1 mV s⁻¹



Fig. S11 CV curves of a MCS-12-900 and b MCS-22-900 at 0.1 mV s⁻¹



Fig. S12 Charge-discharge profiles of the MCS-7-900 electrode after pre-potassiation at the current density of 50 mA g^{-1}



Fig. S13 Long cycling performance of MCS-7-900, MCS-12-900 and MCS-22-900 at 5000 mA $\rm g^{-1}$



Fig. S14 A red LED light with the working voltage range of 1.8 V-2.0 V driven by one half cell with MCS-7-900 electrode and K metal as counter electrode

Materials	Rate performance	Cycling performance	Refs.
MCS-7-900	137.8 mAh g ⁻¹ at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	169.6 mAh g ⁻¹ after 1000 cycles at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	This work
CoP@CNFC	30.8 mAh g ⁻¹ at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	56.7 mAh g ⁻¹ after 2500 cycles at 180 mA g ⁻¹	[S1]
PI-700-P28	133 mAh g ⁻¹ at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	119.5 mAh g ⁻¹ after 500 cycles at 500 mA g ⁻¹	[S2]
NSC	102.5 mAh g ⁻¹ at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	105.2 mAh g ⁻¹ after 600 cycles at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	[S3]
RHC-1100	62.72 mAh g ⁻¹ at 1000 mA g ⁻¹	103.77 mAh g ⁻¹ after 500 cycles at 500 mA g ⁻¹	[S4]
Co-NC	80.2 mAh g ⁻¹ at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	78.5 mAh g ⁻¹ after 1000 cycles at 1000 mA g ⁻¹	[S5]
SC-700	124.7 mAh g ⁻¹ at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	≈85 mAh g ⁻¹ after 300 cycles at 500 mA g ⁻¹	[S6]
N-PC	135 mAh g ⁻¹ at 1000 mA g ⁻¹	≈111 mAh g⁻¹ after 100 cycles at 1000 mA g⁻¹	[S7]
MEG-3	88 mAh g ⁻¹ at 1500 mA g ⁻¹	152 mAh g ⁻¹ after 200 cycles at 100 mA g ⁻¹	[S8]
N, S-C/SnS ₂ nanosheet	104.5 mAh g ⁻¹ at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	105.8 mAh g ⁻¹ after 200 cycles at 2000 mA g ⁻¹	[S9]
SC-2	65.8 mAh g $^{-1}$ at 1000 mA g $^{-1}$	80.8 mAh g ⁻¹ after 2000 cycles at 500 mA g ⁻¹	[S10]

Table S1 Comparison of MCS-7-900 and other developed anodes about rate

 performance and cycling performance



Fig. S15 CV curves at various scan rates of a MCS-7-750 and b MCS-7-1050



Fig. S16 CV curves at various scan rates of a MCS-12-900 and b MCS-22-900



Fig. S17 Relationship between $i(V)/v^{0.5}$ vs. $v^{0.5}$



Fig. S18 a-h Capacitive charge-storage contributions under various scan rates



Fig. S19 Equivalent circuit model. R_S presents the equivalent series resistance; Z_w presents the Warburg diffusion element; CPE_1 presents capacitor elements from double layer and active material; R_{leak} is the leakage resistance associated with the electrode reaction in the bulk; CPE_2 is capacitor elements from double layer and active material.



Fig. S20 R_{ct} values based on the ex-situ EIS plots of the discharge process and charge process in the sixth cycle



Fig. S21 Schematic diagram of parameter determination based on one step of galvanostatic intermittent titration at 1.72 V vs K⁺/K



Fig. S22 a Diffusion coefficients of the MCS-7-900 electrode calculated from the GITT curves during discharging process. **b** Diffusion coefficients of the MCS-7-900 electrode calculated from the GITT curves during charging process



Fig. S23 Ex-situ XRD of three status, namely pristine, discharge to 0.01 V and charge to 3.0 V



Fig. S24 Theoretical simulations of K-adsorption in the pristine carbon structure. Top and side view of a single K atom adsorbed in the pristine carbon structure (a, b). Top and side view of Electron density differences of K absorbed in the pristine carbon structure (c, d). Not that, C, N and K atoms are presented by brown, silver and purple balls, respectively. Increased and decreased electron densities are presented by yellow and blue regions, respectively



Fig. S25 Charge-discharge profile of PTCDA cathode at 50 mA g⁻¹



Fig. S26 a CV curve of MCS-7-900//PTCDA at 0.1 mv s⁻¹. **b** The CV curves of MCS-7-900//PTCDA at various current densities.

Table S2 Comparison of the as-obtained full cell and other reported full cells about rate performance and cycling performance

Anode material	Cathode material	Rate	Cycling	Refs.
		performance	performance	
	PTCDA	85.4 mAh g ⁻¹ at 1000 mA g ⁻¹	62.7 mAh g ⁻¹	
MCS-7-900			after 200 cycles	This work
			at 1000 mA g ⁻¹	
Soft carbon	$K_{0.7}Fe_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O_2$	48 mAh g ⁻¹ at 100 mA g ⁻¹	$\approx 36 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$	
			after 250 cycles	[S11]
			at 100 mA g ⁻¹	
	ft carbon PI@G		\approx 51 mAh g ⁻¹	
Soft carbon		-	after 80 cycles	[S12]
			at 50 mA g ⁻¹	
Soft carbon	P2-K _{0.44} Ni _{0.22} Mn _{0.78} O ₂	(1.2 ··· A.1] -+	$\approx 62 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$	
		$61.5 \text{ mAn g}^{-1} \text{ at}$	after 200 cycles	[S13]
		500 mA g ⁻	at 50 mA g ⁻¹	
Hard carbon	s-KCO	36 mAh g ⁻¹ at 320 mA g ⁻¹	\approx 56.8 mAh g ⁻¹	
			after 100 cycles	[S14]
			at 30 mA g ⁻¹	
Graphite	K _{0.6} CoO ₂	-	$\approx 27 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$	
			after 5 cycles at	[S15]
			3 mA g ⁻¹	
	K _{0.3} MnO ₂	-	performance 62.7 mAh g^{-1} after 200 cyclesat 1000 mA g $^{-1}$ $\approx 36 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$ after 250 cyclesat 100 mA g $^{-1}$ $\approx 51 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$ after 80 cyclesat 50 mA g $^{-1}$ $\approx 62 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$ after 200 cyclesat 50 mA g $^{-1}$ $\approx 62 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$ after 100 cyclesat 50 mA g $^{-1}$ $\approx 56.8 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$ after 100 cyclesat 30 mA g $^{-1}$ $\approx 27 \text{ mAh g}^{-1}$ after 5 cycles at 3 mA g^{-1} 46 mAh g $^{-1}$ after100 cycles at 32mA g $^{-1}$ 37.8 mAh g $^{-1}$ after 100 cyclesat 10 mA g $^{-1}$ 40.2 mAh g $^{-1}$ after 50 cyclesat 10 mA g $^{-1}$	
HC/CB			100 cycles at 32	[S16]
			mA g ⁻¹	
Graphite	KNHCF	16.4 mAh g ⁻¹ at 200 mA g ⁻¹	37.8 mAh g ⁻¹	
			after 100 cycles	[S17]
			at 10 mA g ⁻¹	
Graphite	P3–K _{0.5} MnO ₂ HSMS	o o 1 1	40.2 mAh g^{-1}	
		8.2 mAh g^{-1} at	after 50 cycles	[S18]
		300 mA g ⁻¹	at 10 mA g ⁻¹	

V ₂ O _{3-x} @rGO	KVO@rGO	40.7 mAh g ⁻¹ at 200 mA g ⁻¹	38.6 mAh g ⁻¹ after 250 cycles at 100 mA g ⁻¹	[S19]
MoS2@rGO	K ₂ Fe[Fe(CN) ₆]	-	50 mAh g ⁻¹ after 50 cycles at 50 mA g ⁻¹	[S20]
KMO/CNT-30	KMO/CNT-30	-	47.3 mAh g ⁻¹ after 100 cycles at 100 mA g ⁻¹	[S21]

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